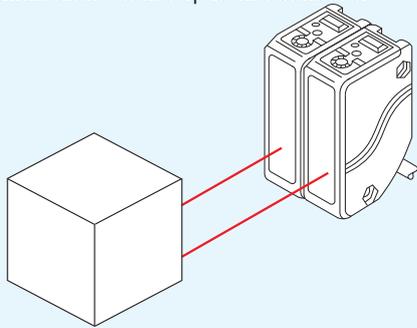


## Advantage & Applications

### Advantage

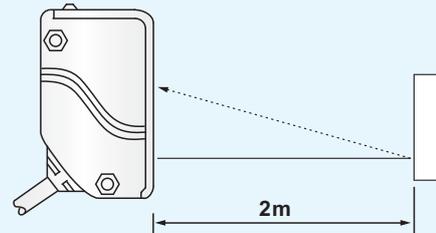
#### Automatic crosstalk prevention

Until the CP68 series, no other fixed-field sensing sensor has been equipped with the automatic crosstalk prevention. Even if mounted closely together or face to face, no malfunction occurs up to two sensors.



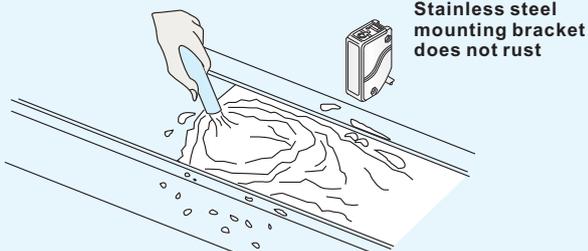
#### Long sensing range 2 m

The CP68 series catches an object 2m away. Long-range fixed-field sensing with sharp beam gives a variety of new ideas for your applications such as linear positioning or wide range detecting.



#### Waterproof

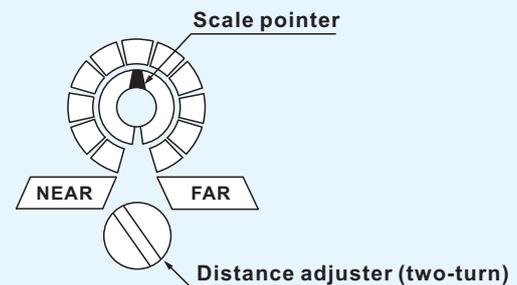
Achieves IP 67. The sensor can be put on machinery washed with water. The mounting bracket (option) is not corrosive as it is made of stainless steel material.



Caution: a water drop on the sensing face may cause the sensor generate the output.

#### Two-turn adjuster with the indicator

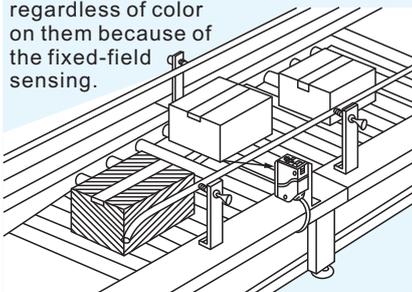
The CP68 series features the mechanical two-turn distance adjuster and the scale pointer that shows the set distance remarkably.



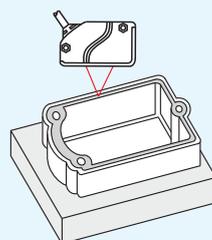
### Applications

#### Detecting cardboard boxes passing by

It securely detects cardboard boxes regardless of color on them because of the fixed-field sensing.

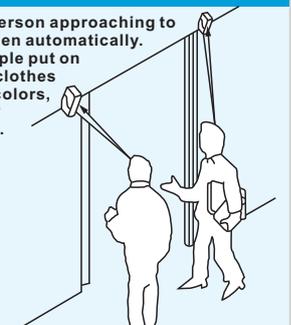


#### Detecting Gasket on Die-casting



#### Detecting people in front of automatic door

They detect person approaching to the door to open automatically. Although people put on own-desired clothes with various colors, they perfectly detect people.



## Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression (Sn=2000 mm)

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number	
<p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Av: CP68 SERIES</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Light Source: Infrared LED</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">200 to 2000mm</p> <p style="writing-mode: vertical-rl; transform: rotate(180deg);">Diffuse Mode (with Background Suppression) Sensing Distance: 200 to 2000mm</p> 	<p>2m Cable</p> 	10-30V DC	NPN	GP68-D2000N-CY9C3U2-BS	
			PNP	GP68-D2000P-CY9C3U2-BS	
			NPN/PNP	GP68-D2000D-CY9C4U2-BS	
		12~240V DC/ 24~240V AC	SPDT Relay L.O./D.O. (4-wire)	<u>CP68-D2000R-CY9C4L2-BS</u>	
			SPST Solid-state L.O./D.O. (2-wire)	GP68-D2000G-CY9C2U2-BS	
			Quick Disconnect		10-30V DC (Euro-style)
	PNP	GP68-D2000P-CY9Q4UE-BS			
	NPN/PNP	GP68-D2000D-CY9Q4UE-BS			
	12~240V DC/ 24~240V AC (Micro-style)	SPDT Relay L.O./D.O. (4-wire)	GP68-D2000R-CY9Q4LM-BS		
		SPST Solid-state L.O./D.O. (2-wire)	GP68-D2000G-CY9Q3UM-BS		
	<p>6" Pigtail</p> 	10-30V DC (Euro-style)	NPN		GP68-D2000N-CY9P4UE-BS
			PNP	GP68-D2000P-CY9P4UE-BS	
NPN/PNP			GP68-D2000D-CY9P4UE-BS		
12~240V DC/ 24~240V AC (Micro-style)		SPDT Relay L.O./D.O. (4-wire)	<u>CP68-D2000R-CY9P4LM-BS</u>		
		SPST Solid-state L.O./D.O. (2-wire)	GP68-D2000G-CY9P3UM-BS		

**Note:**  
 Coming Soon : Part numbers with underline  
 In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

## Specifications (DC)

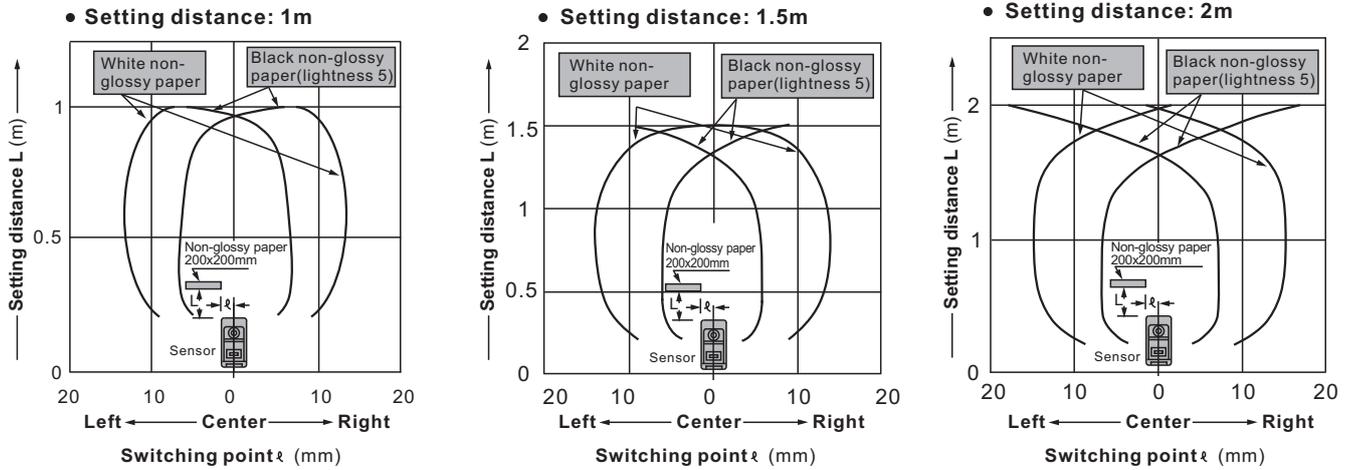
Type	Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression		
	NPN output type	PNP output type	
Item	Model No.	CP68-D2000N-CY9xxUx-BS	CP68-D2000P-CY9xxUx-BS
Adjustable range	0.2 to 2m		
Sensing range( with white non-glossy paper and adjuster in Max.)	0.1 to 2m		
Hysteresis	10% or less at operation distance		
Repeatability	Beam axial: 10mm or less, Perpendicular to beam axis: 1mm or less		
Supply voltage	10 to 30V DC Ripple P-P: 10% or less		
Current consumption	50mA or less	55mA or less	
Sensing output	NPN open-collector transistor Maximum sink current: 100mA Applied voltage: 30V DC or less Residual voltage: 1V or less( at 100mA sink current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA sink current)	PNP open-collector transistor Maximum source current: 100mA Applied voltage: 30V DC or less Residual voltage: 1V or less( at 100mA source current) 0.4V or less (at 16mA source current)	
Output operation	Selectable either Normally Open or Normally Closed		
Short-circuit protection	Incorporated		
Response time	2ms or less		
Operation indicator	Red LED (lights up when the output is activated)		
Stability indicator	Green LED (lights up during the stable Light or the stable Dark condition).		
Distance adjuster	Mechanical two-turn adjuster with scale pointer		
Automatic crosstalk prevention function	Incorporated		
Environmental resistance	Protection	IP 67	
	Ambient temperature	-20 to +55°C( No dew condensation nor icing allowed), storage:-25 to +70°C	
	Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH	
	Ambient light	Sunlight: 10000 lx at the light receiving face, Incandescent light: 3000 lx at the light-receiving face.	
	Noise immunity	Power line: 240Vp, 10ms cycle, and 0.5us pulse duration. (With noise simulator) Radiation: 300Vp, 10ms cycle, and 0.5us pulse duration	
	Withstand voltage	AC 1000V for one min. Between all terminals connected and enclosure.	
	Insulation resistivity	20MΩ or more at 250V Megger between all terminals connected and enclosure.	
	Vibration-proof	10 to 55Hz frequency, 0.75mm amplitude, and X, Y, and Z directions each for two hours (unenergized)	
	Shock-proof	500m/s <sup>2</sup> acceleration (approx.50G), and X, Y, and Z directions each for three times(unenergized)	
Emitting element	Infrared LED (modulated)		
Material	Polyarilate		
Connections	Cable type: 2m long PVC , Connector type: M12(Euro-style) connector, Pigtail type: See Pigtail Series or our Cables & Connectors catalogue.		
Cable extension	Extendable up to 100m long with equivalent cable of which core is 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> or more		
Weight	Approx. 150g		

## Specifications (AC/DC)

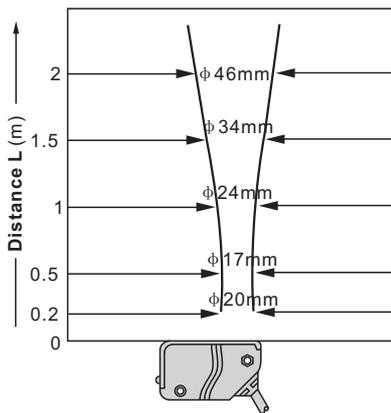
Type	Diffuse Mode with Background Suppression		
Item	Model No.	RP68-D2000R-CY9C4L2-BS (Relay Type) RP68-D2000C-CY9C2U2-BS (2-wire type)	
Sensing range	0.2 to 2m		
Sensing object	Opaque, translucent or transparent object		
Hysteresis	10% or less of sensing distance		
Repeatability	0.3mm or less		
Supply voltage	12 to 240V DC	10% or 24 to 240V AC	10% Ripple P-P 10% or less
Switching Current Max.	3 VA		
Current consumption	< 30mA (no load)		
Output	<b>Relay contact 1c</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Switching capacity:250V AC 1A (resistive load) 30V DC 2A (resistive load)</li> <li>• Electrical life:100,000 or more operations (at rated AC load) 500,000 or more operations (at rated DC load)</li> <li>• Mechanical life:100,000,000 or more operations</li> </ul>		
Light/Dark Operation	Light-ON/Dark-ON selectable via switch		
Response time/Frequency	< 20ms / 25 Hz		
Operation indicator	Red LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition )		
Stability indicator	Green LED (lights up under stable light received condition or stable dark condition)		
Sensitivity adjuster	Continuously variable adjuster		
Interference immunity	Incorporated (Two units of sensors can be mounted closely.)		
Pollution degree	3 (Industrial environment)		
Enclose category	IP 66 (IEC)		
Ambient temperature	-20 to +55°C (No dew condensation or icing allowed), storage: -30 to +70°C		
Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, storage:35 to 85% RH		
Ambient illuminance	Sunlight: 11,000 lx at the light receiving face, Incandescent light: 3000 lx at the light-receiving face.		
EMC	IEC 60947-5-2, Parts 7.2.6.1.2.3 or RFI>3V/m(in 30-1000MHZ), EFT>1KV, ESD>4KV(contact)		
Voltage withstandability	IEC 60947-5-2 Parts 8.3.3.4, or 500V DC for one min between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure		
Insulation resistance	20M Ω ,or more, with 500V DC megger between all supply terminals		
Vibration resistance	IEC 60947-5-2, Part 7.4.2 or 10-55HZ, 1.0mm amplitude In X, Y and Z directions for 30 min		
Shock resistance	IEC 60947-5-2, Part 7.4.1 or 30g,11ms in X,Y and Z directions for six times each		
Emitting element	Infrared LED (modulated)		
Material	Enclosure: Acrylonitrile Butadine Styrene (ABS), Lens: Polycarbonate, Cover: Acrylonitrile Butadine Styrene (ABS), Front cover: Acrylic (retroreflective type sensor only)		
Connections	<b>Cable type:</b> 2m long PVC cable , <b>Connector type:</b> M12(Micro-style) connector, <b>Pigtail type:</b> See <b>Pigtail Series</b> or our <b>Cables &amp; Connectors</b> catalogue.		
Cable extension	Extendable up to 100m long with equivalent cable of which core is 0.3mm <sup>2</sup> or more		
Weight	150g approx.		

## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

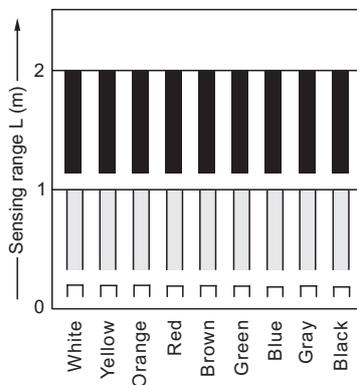
### Sensing Fields



### Emitting Beam



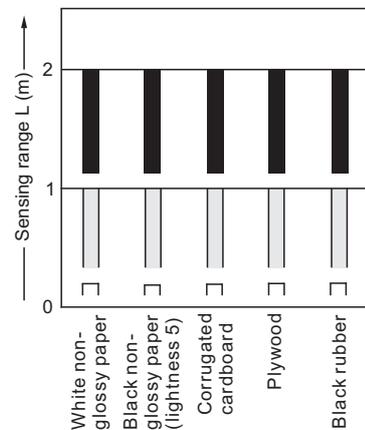
### Correlation between color (200x200mm non-glossy paper) and sensing range



...2m  
 ...1m  
 ...0.2m

These bars indicate the sensing range with the respective colors when the distance adjuster is set at the sensing range of 2m, 1m and 0.2m long, each, with white color. The sensing distance varies depending also on material.

### Correlation between material (200x200mm) and sensing range

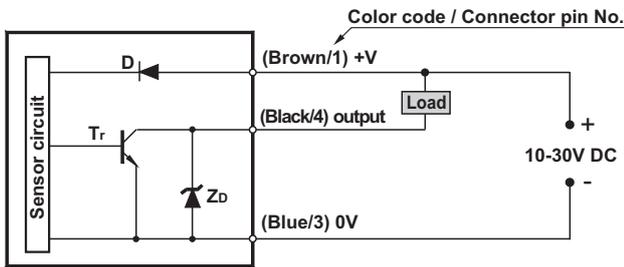


...2m  
 ...1m  
 ...0.2m

These bars indicate the sensing range with respective objects when the distance adjuster is set at the sensing range of 2m, 1m and 0.2m long, each, with white non-glossy paper.

## Connection Diagrams

### NPN output type



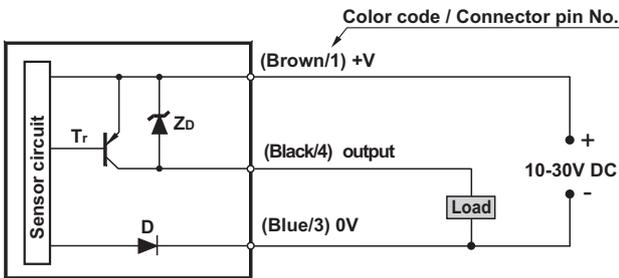
Symbol...D: Reverse polarity protection diode.  
Zd: Surge absorption zener diode.  
Tr: NPN output transistor.

### Connector pin position

#### Euro-style



### PNP output type



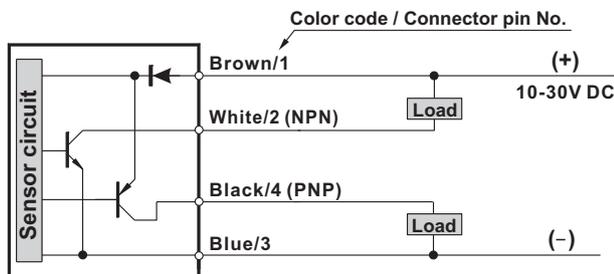
Symbol...D: Reverse polarity protection diode.  
Zd: Surge absorption zener diode.  
Tr: PNP output transistor.

### Connector pin position

#### Euro-style



### NPN/PNP output type

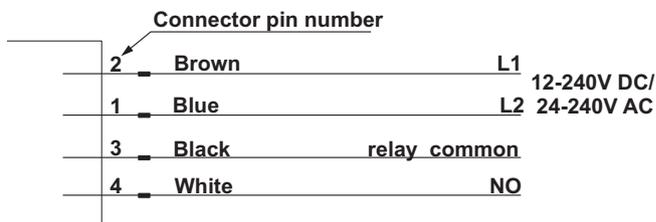


### Connector pin position

#### Euro-style



### Relay output (AC/DC)

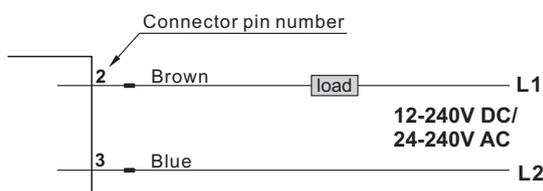


### Connector pin position

#### Micro-style

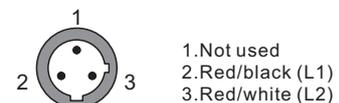


### SPST Solid-state output type (AC/DC)



### Connector face view

#### Micro-style



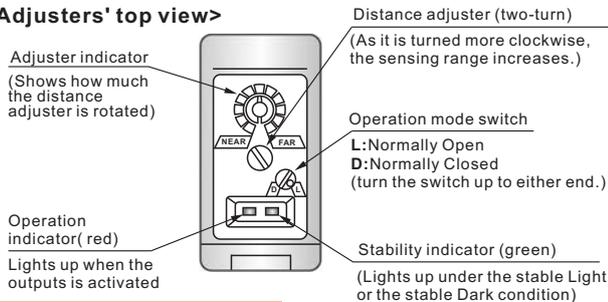
## Precautions For Proper Use



This product is not a safety sensor designed to intend to protect life and prevent bodily injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery, but a normal object detection sensor.

### Distance adjustment

#### <Adjusters' top view>



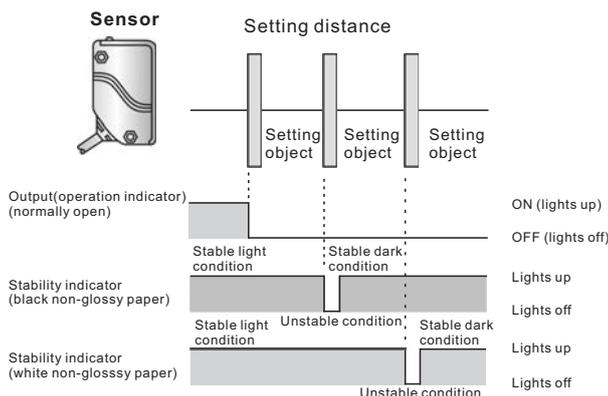
#### <Adjusting procedure>

1	Turn the distance adjuster counterclockwise fully to the minimum distance of approx. 0.2m.	
2	Locate your sample object at the place that you expect the sensor to detect. Turn the adjuster gradually clockwise and find out the point A where the sensor goes into the light condition.	
3	Remove the object. Turn the adjuster clockwise until the sensor goes into the light condition again. Once it switches on, turn the adjuster back a little until the sensor goes into the dark condition where called the point B. (If the sensor does not go into the light condition over the scale without the object, the point B shall be identified as the maximum point in the scale.)	
4	Settle the adjuster at the center between the point A and B that should be the optimum setting point to detect your object.	

(\*1): Turn the distance adjuster gradually and lightly with the attached screwdriver. If the distance adjuster is over-turned or pressed heavily, it may be damaged.

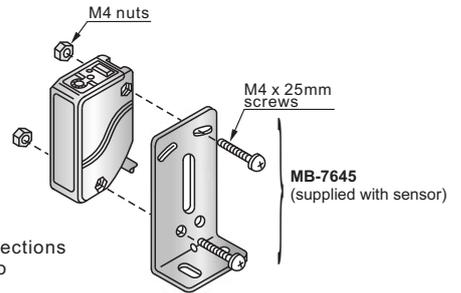
### Stability indicator

CP68 series incorporates the two-divided photo-diode as the receiving element. The sensor compares two parts of it; which one receives incident beam reflected by an object more intensely to the other. Because this optical system is based on the angle of incident beam, the sensor generates output relating to the distance between the sensor and the object. However, the stability indicator signifies the sufficiency of incident beam, not the distance operating. As an object is approaching to the sensor, the unstable condition that the indicator light off and immediately on again arises before the maximum operating point that the operation indicator lights up. It also shifts according to the difference of reflection ratio among objects. Make sure that the stability indicator always lights up while the sensor is detecting your object.

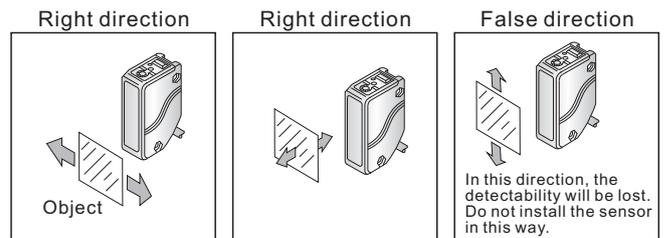


### Mounting

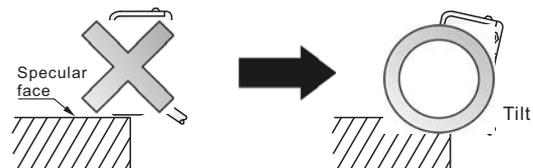
- Tightening torque should be 0.8N·m {8.2kgf·cm} or less



- Make sure which directions your objects move to the sensor.



- If your object is specular such as aluminum foil or copper foil, or its surface is painted or coated glossily, the sensor may not detect it by wrinkle on it or the severity of the sensing angle.
- Tilt the sensor slightly upwards to prevent the irregular reflection where the sensor is placed on a specular substance.



- If there is a specular substance or the like beyond the sensing field, the sensor may lose the detectability by slight angle change or motion of it. In such case, angle the sensor not to be affected and test the detectability in actual.
- Some object may produce the dead zone right in front of the sensor.

### Wiring

- Do not supply power while wiring.
- Verify that supply voltage ripple is within the rating.
- With a commercial switching regulator, ground the F.G. Terminal.
- Where equipment generating noise such as a switching regulator or an inverter motor is placed around the sensor, ground its F.G. Terminal.
- Do not run the sensor cable along any high-voltage or power cable in parallel or in a same raceway. It may cause a malfunction by induction.

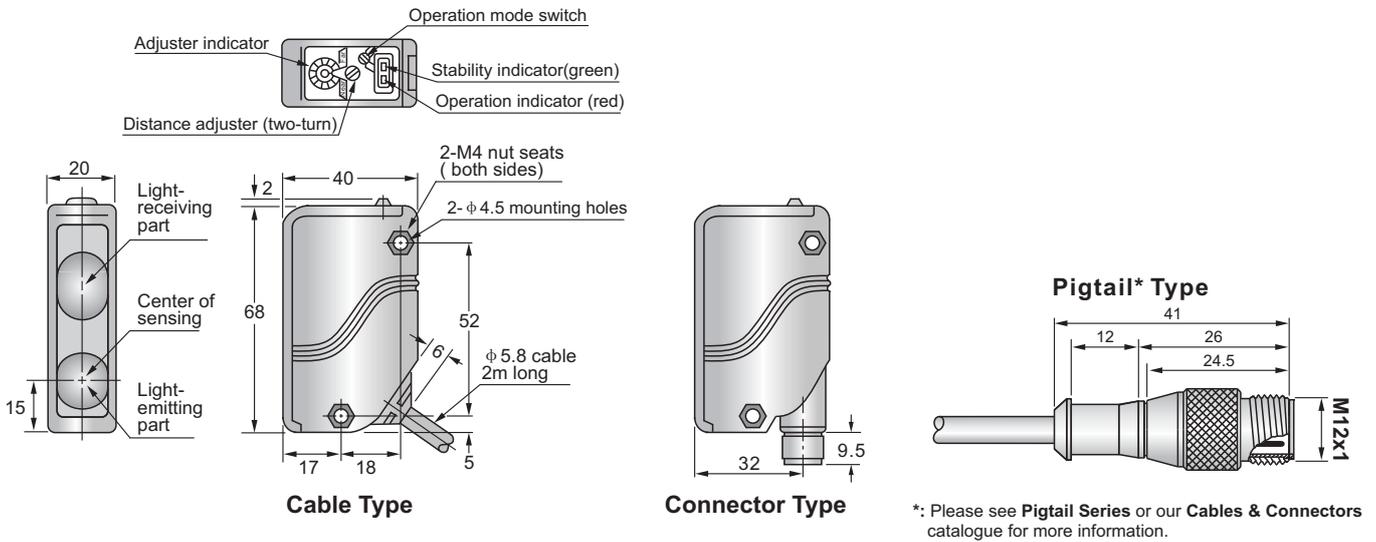
### Other

Do not use the sensor output signal for 50ms immediately after the power is supplied to the sensor.

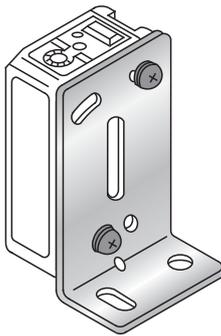
Avoid places where the sensor will be directly exposed to fluorescent lamp of rapid starter or high frequency lighting as it may affect the sensing performance.

## Dimensions (Unit: mm)

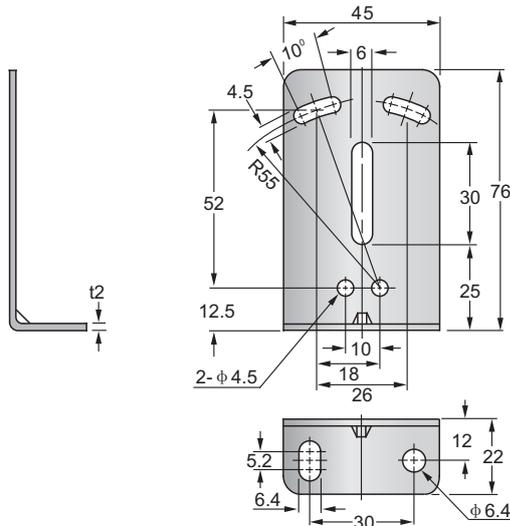
### Sensor Type



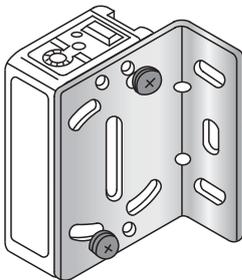
### MB-7645 (Sensor mounting bracket-supplied with sensor)



Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC)  
Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers and two M4 nuts are attached.



### MB-6954 (Sensor mounting bracket-optional)



Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC)  
Two M4 (length 25mm) screws with washers and two M4 nuts are attached.

