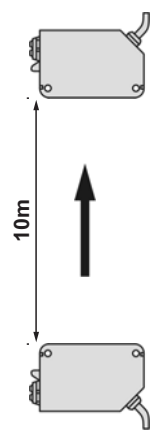




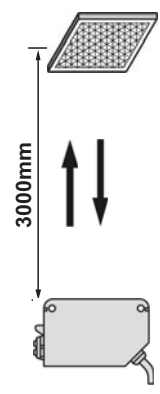






## Thru-beam Mode / Retroreflective Mode with Polarizing Filter

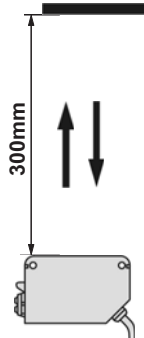




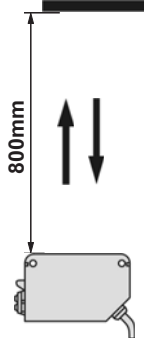




Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
 <p><b>Thru-beam Mode</b> Sensing Distance 10m Red LED</p>	<b>2m Cable</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	Emitter	<u>GP31-T010MD-EY6G3L2</u>
			NPN	<u>GP31-T010MN-CY6G3U2</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-T010MP-CY6G3U2</u>
	<b>Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	Emitter	<u>GP31-T010MD-EY6Q4LP</u>
			NPN	<u>GP31-T010MN-CY6Q4UP</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-T010MP-CY6Q4UP</u>
	<b>6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	Emitter	<u>GP31-T010MD-EY6P4LP</u>
			NPN	<u>GP31-T010MN-CY6P4UP</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-T010MP-CY6P4UP</u>
	<b>6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	Emitter	<u>GP31-T010MD-EY6P4LE</u>
			NPN	<u>GP31-T010MN-CY6P4UE</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-T010MP-CY6P4UE</u>
 <p><b>Retroreflective Mode</b> (with polarizing filter) Sensing Distance 3000mm (Note) Red LED</p>	<b>2m Cable</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>GP31-L3000N-CY6G3U2-PF</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-L3000P-CY6G3U2-PF</u>
			---	---
	<b>Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>GP31-L3000N-CY6Q4UP-PF</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-L3000P-CY6Q4UP-PF</u>
			---	---
	<b>6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>GP31-L3000N-CY6P4UP-PF</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-L3000P-CY6P4UP-PF</u>
			---	---
	<b>6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>GP31-L3000N-CY6P4UE-PF</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-L3000P-CY6P4UE-PF</u>
			---	---

**Note:** Used with RE-6152 (supplied with sensor) reflector.

Coming Soon : Part numbers with underline

In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

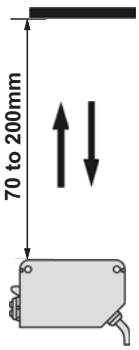




## Standard Diffuse Mode / Long Range Diffuse Mode

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
 <p>300mm</p> <p>Diffuse Mode</p> <p>Sensing distance 300mm</p> <p>Infrared LED</p>	2m Cable 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0300N-CY9G3U2</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0300P-CY9C3U2</u>
			—	—
	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style) 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0300N-CY9Q4UP</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-D0300P-CY9Q4UP</u>
			—	—
	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style) 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0300N-CY9P4UP</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0300P-CY9P4UP</u>
			—	—
	6" Pigtail (Euro-Style) 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0300N-CY9P4UE</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0300P-CY9P4UE</u>
			—	—
 <p>800mm</p> <p>Diffuse Mode</p> <p>Long sensing range 800mm</p> <p>Infrared LED</p>	2m Cable 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0800N-CY9G3U2</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-D0800P-CY9C3U2</u>
			—	—
	Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style) 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0800N-CY9Q4UP</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-D0800P-CY9Q4UP</u>
			—	—
	6" Pigtail (Pico-Style) 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0800N-CY9P4UP</u>
			PNP	<u>GP31-D0800P-CY9P4UP</u>
			—	—
	6" Pigtail (Euro-Style) 	10-30V DC	NPN	<u>GP31-D0800N-CY9P4UE</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0800P-CY9P4UE</u>
			—	—

**Note:**  
 Coming Soon : Part numbers with underline  
 In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle

## Narrow-view Diffuse Mode / Options

Ao: CP31 SERIES

Sensing Mode	Connection	Supply Voltage	Output Mode	Part Number
 <b>Diffuse Mode (Narrow-view)</b> <b>Sensing Distance 70 to 200mm</b> <b>Red LED</b>	<b>2m Cable</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>CP31-D0200N-CY6G3U2-N</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0200P-CY6G3U2-N</u>
			---	---
	<b>Quick Disconnect (Pico-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>CP31-D0200N-CY6Q4UP-N</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0200P-CY6Q4UP-N</u>
			---	---
	<b>6" Pigtail (Pico-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>CP31-D0200N-CY6P4UP-N</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0200P-CY6P4UP-N</u>
			---	---
	<b>6" Pigtail (Euro-Style)</b> 	<b>10-30V DC</b>	NPN	<u>CP31-D0200N-CY6P4UE-N</u>
			PNP	<u>CP31-D0200P-CY6P4UE-N</u>
			---	---

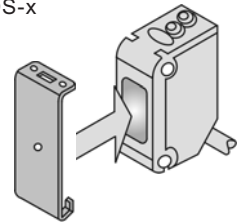
### Options

Designation	Model No.	Slit size	Sensing range		Min.sensing object	
			Slit on one side	Slit on both sides	Slit on one side	Slit on both sides
Round slit mask (For thru-beam type sensor only)	OS-0.5	φ 0.5mm	400 mm	20 mm	φ 12mm	φ 0.5mm
	OS-1	φ 1mm	900 mm	100 mm	φ 12mm	φ 1mm
	OS-2	φ 2mm	2 m	400 mm	φ 12mm	φ 2mm
Rectangular slit mask (For thru-beam type sensor only)	RS-0.5x6	0.5x6mm	2 m	400 mm	φ 12mm	0.5x6mm
	RS-1x6	1x6mm	3 m	1 m	φ 12mm	1x6mm
	RS-2x6	2x6mm	5 m	2 m	φ 12mm	2x6mm

#### Round slit mask

Fitted on the front face of the sensor with one-touch

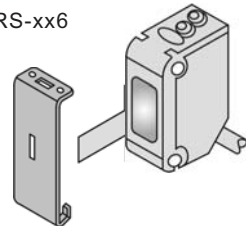
- OS-x



#### Rectangular slit mask

Fitted on the front face of the sensor with one-touch

- RS-xx6

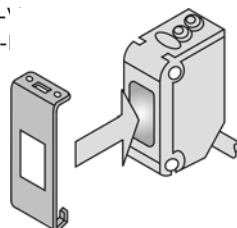


Designation	Model No.	Sensing Range	Min. sensing object
Interference prevention filter (for thru-beam type sensor only)	PF-V (Vertical)	5m (Note 1)	φ 12mm (Note 1)
	PF-H (Horizontal)	5m (Note 1)	φ 12mm (Note 1)

#### Interference prevention filter

Two sets of thru-beam type sensors can be mounted close together.

- PF-V
- PF-H



Notes: 1) Value when attached to both sides.

#### Note:

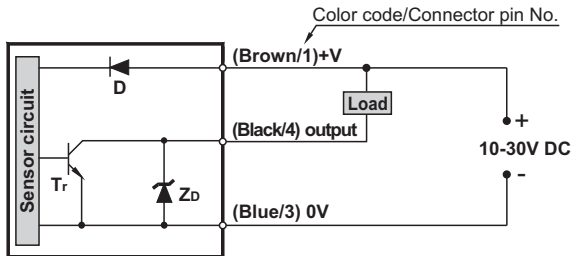
Coming Soon : Part numbers with underline  
 In Preparation: Part numbers with a line through the middle



## Connection Diagrams

### NPN output type

#### I/O circuit diagram



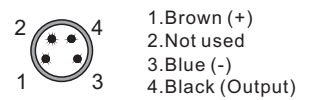
Symbols...D :Reverse supply polarity protection diode  
Zd: Surge absorption zener diode  
Tr: NPN output transistor.

#### Connector pin position

##### Euro-style

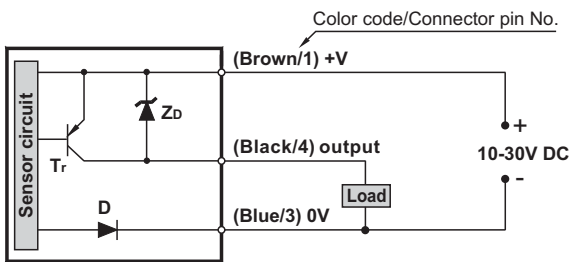


##### Pico-Style



### PNP output type

#### I/O circuit diagram



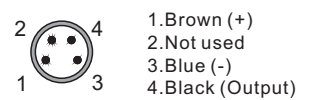
Symbols...D :Reverse supply polarity protection diode  
Zd: Surge absorption zener diode  
Tr: PNP output transistor.

#### Connector pin position

##### Euro-style

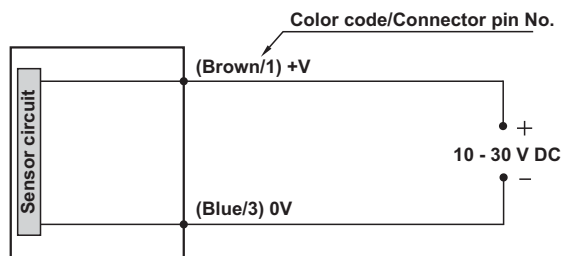


##### Pico-Style



### Emitter of Thru-beam Mode

#### I/O circuit diagram



#### Connector pin position

##### Euro-style

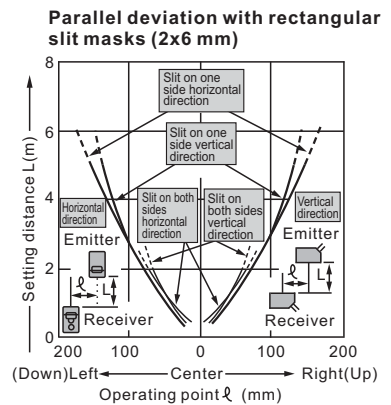
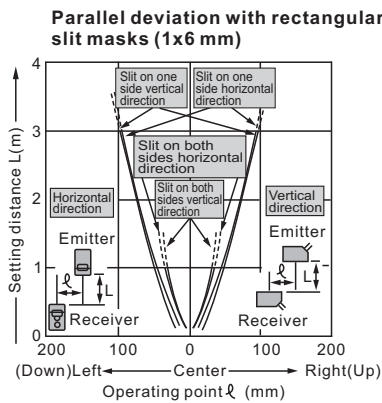
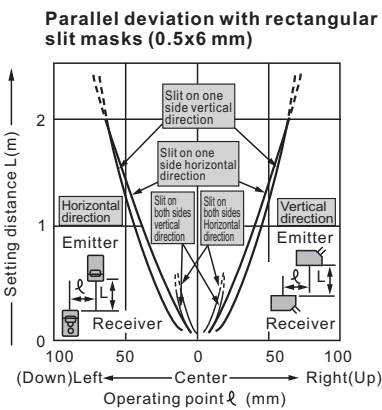
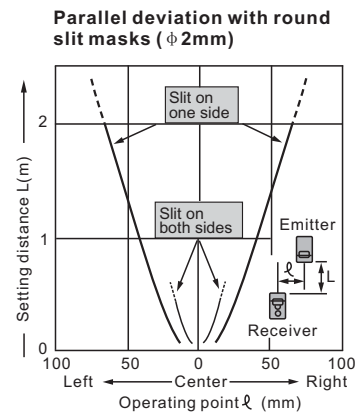
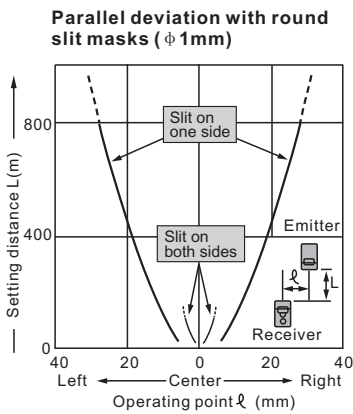
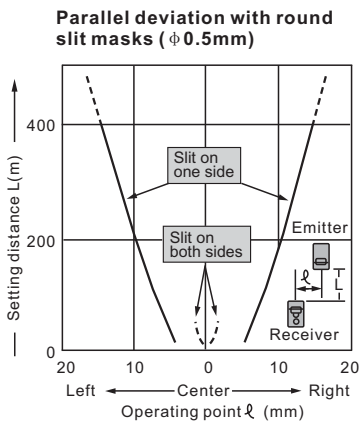
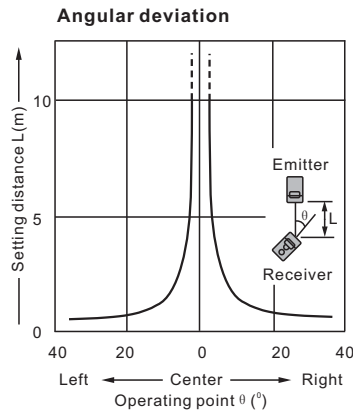
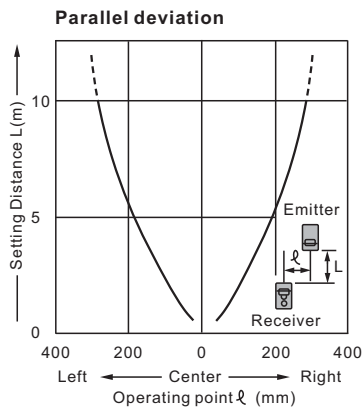


##### Pico-Style

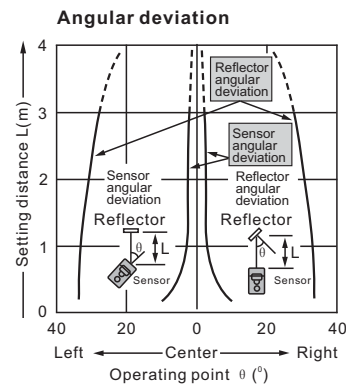
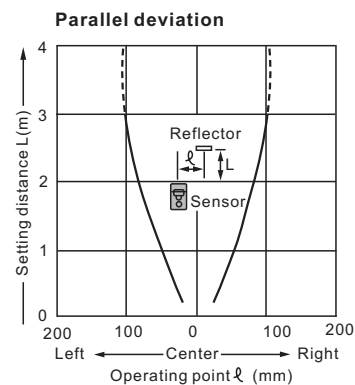


## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

### Thru-beam Mode (Sn=10m)



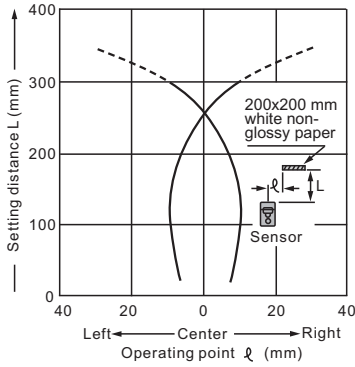
### Retroreflective Mode (Sn=3m, performance on RE-6152 reflector)



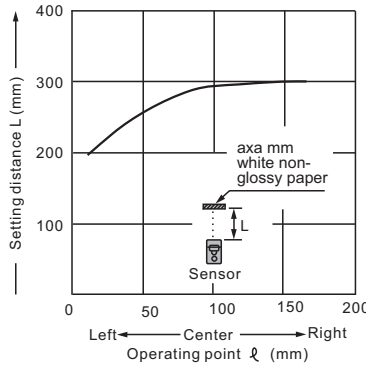
## Sensing Characteristics (Typical)

### Standard Diffuse Mode (Sn=300mm)

**Sensing field**



**Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range**

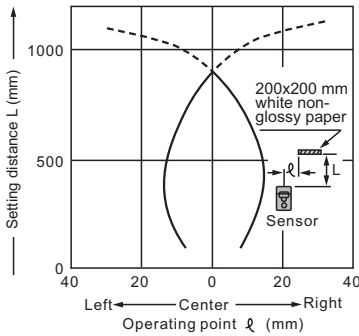


As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper 200x200 mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

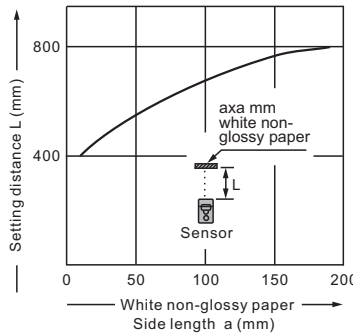
For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 200x200 mm white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 300 mm.

### Long Range Diffuse Mode (Sn=800mm)

**Sensing field**



**Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range**

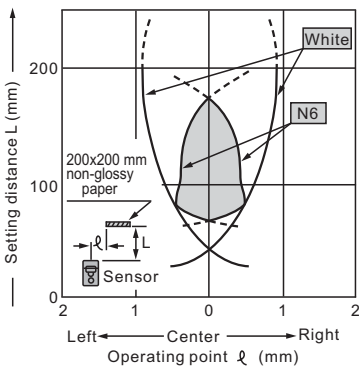


As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper 200x200 mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

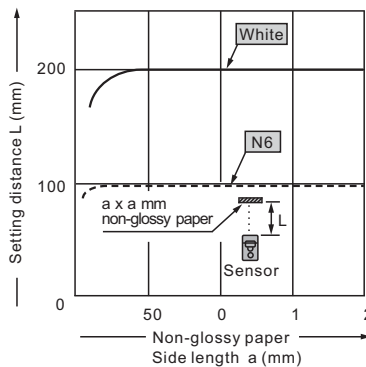
For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 200x200 mm white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 800mm.

### Narrow-view Diffuse Mode (Sn=200mm)

**Sensing field**



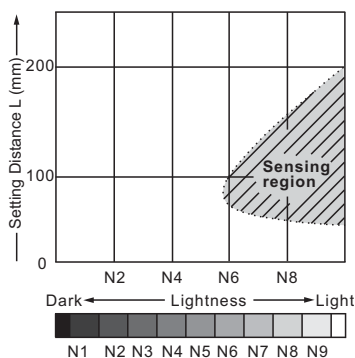
**Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range**



As the sensing object size becomes smaller than the standard size (white non-glossy paper 200x200 mm), the sensing range shortens, as shown in the left graph.

For plotting the left graph, the sensitivity has been set such that a 200x200 mm white non-glossy paper is just detectable at a distance of 200mm.

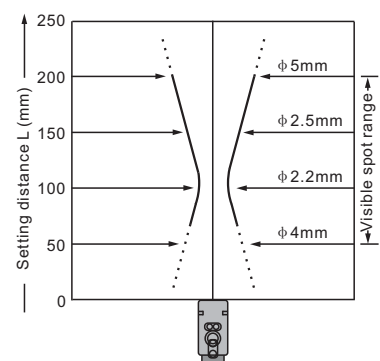
**Correlation between sensing object size and sensing range**



The sensing region is represented by oblique lines in the left figure. However, the sensitivity should be set with an enough margin because of slight variation in products.

Lightness shown on the lift may differ slightly from the actual object condition.

**Emitted beam**



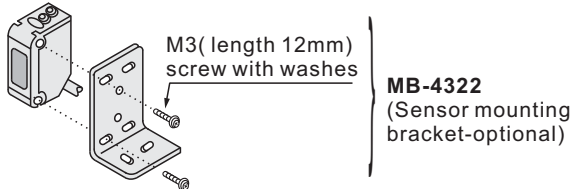
## Precautions For Proper Use



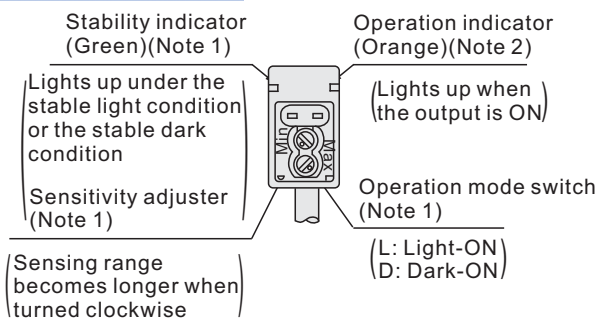
This product is not a safety sensor. Its use is not intended or designed to protect life and prevent body injury or property damage from dangerous parts of machinery. It is a normal object detection sensor.

### Mounting

- The tightening torque should be 0.5N·m or less.



### Functional description



- Notes: 1) Not incorporated on the thru-beam type sensor emitter.  
2) It is the power indicator (Green LED)(lights up when the power is ON) for the thru-beam type sensor emitter.

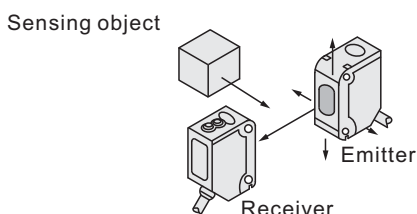
### Operation mode switch

Operation mode switch	Description
	Light-ON mode is obtained when the operation mode switch (located on the receiver for the thru-beam type) is turned fully clockwise(L side)
	Dark-ON mode is obtained when the operation mode switch (located on the receiver for the thru-beam type) is turned fully counterclockwise (D side).

### Beam alignment

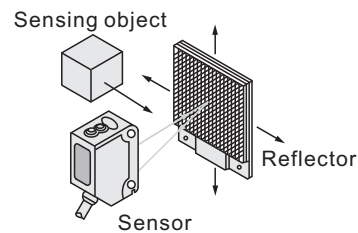
#### ● Thru-beam type sensor

- Set the operation mode switch to the Light-ON mode position (L side).
- Placing the emitter and the receiver face to face along a straight line, move the emitter in the up, down, left and right directions, in order to determine the range of the light received condition with the help of the operation indicator (orange). Then, set the emitter at the center of this range.
- Similarly, adjust for up, down, left and right angular movement of the emitter.
- Further, perform the angular adjustment for the receiver also.
- Check that the stability indicator (green) lights up.
- Choose the operation mode, Light-ON or Dark-ON, as per your requirement, with the operation mode switch.



#### ● Retroreflective type sensor

- Set the operation mode switch to the Light-ON mode position(L side).
- Placing the sensor and the reflector face to face along a straight line, move the reflector in the up, down, left and right directions, in order to determine the range of the light received condition with the help of the operation indicator (orange). Then, set the reflector at the center of this range.
- Similarly, adjust for up, down, left and right angular movement of the reflector.
- Further, perform the angular adjustment for the sensor also
- Check that the stability indicator(green) lights up.
- Choose the operation mode, Light-ON or Dark-ON, as per your requirement, with the operation mode switch.



### Sensitivity adjustment

Step	Sensitivity adjuster	Description
①		Turn the sensitivity adjuster fully counter-clockwise to the minimum sensitivity position, MIN.
②		In the light received condition, turn the sensitivity adjuster slowly clockwise and confirm the point A where the sensor enters the 'Light' state operation.
③		In the dark condition, turn the sensitivity adjuster further clockwise until the sensor enters the 'Light' state operation and then bring it back to confirm point B where the sensor just returns to the 'Dark' state operation. (If the sensor does not enter the 'Light' state operation even when the sensitivity adjuster is turned fully clockwise, the position is point B)
④		The position at the middle of point A and B is the optimum sensing position.

Note: Use the 'minus' adjusting screwdriver( please arrange separately) to turn the adjuster slowly. Turning with excessive strength will cause damage to the adjuster.

	Light received condition	Dark condition
Thru-beam type		
Retroreflective type		
Diffuse reflective type and Narrow-view reflective type		



## Precautions For Proper Use

### Relation between output and indicators

In case of Light-ON			Sensing condition	In case of Dark-ON		
Stability indicator	Operation indicator	Output		Stability indicator	Operation indicator	Output
○	○	ON	Stable light receiving	OFF	●	○
●			Unstable light receiving			●
○	●	OFF	Unstable dark receiving	ON	○	●
			Stable dark receiving			○

○ :Lights up    ● :Lights off

### Retroreflective type sensor with polarizing filters

- If a shiny object is covered or wrapped with a transparent film, such as those described below, the retroreflective type sensor with polarizing filters may not be able to detect it. In that case, follow the steps given below.

#### Example of sensing objects

- Can wrapped by clear film
- Aluminum sheet covered by plastic film
- Gold or silver color (specular) label or wrapping paper

#### Steps

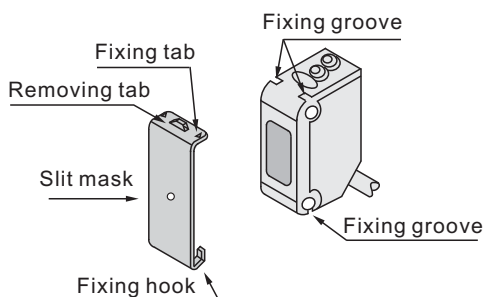
- Tilt the sensor with respect to the sensing object while fitting.
- Reduce the sensitivity.
- Increase the distance between the sensor and the sensing object.

### Slit mask (optional) (Exclusively for thru-beam type sensor)

- With the slit mask (OS-x), the sensor can detect a small object. However, the sensing range is reduced when the slit mask is mounted.

#### How to mount

Insert the fixing hook into the fixing groove.  
Then, pressing the slit mask against the main unit, insert the fixing tab into the fixing groove.

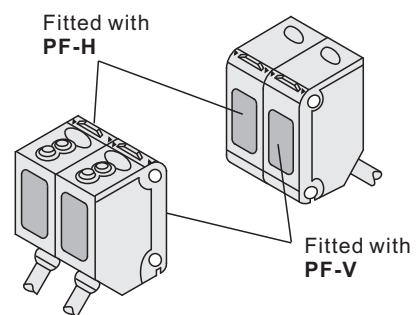


#### How to remove

Insert a screwdriver into the removing tab  
Pull forward while lifting the remove tab

### Interference prevention filter (Optional) (Exclusively for thru-beam type sensor)

- By mounting interference prevention filters (PF-x), two sets of CP31-T10000x-xX6xxUx can be mounted close together. However, the sensing range is reduced when the interference prevention filter is mounted.
- The filters can be mounted by the same method as for the slit masks.
- The two sets of sensors should be fitted with different types of interference prevention filters.  
The interference prevention does not work even if the filters are mounted for emitters only, receivers only or the same model No. Of the interference prevention filters are mounted on both the set of the sensor.



#### Wiring

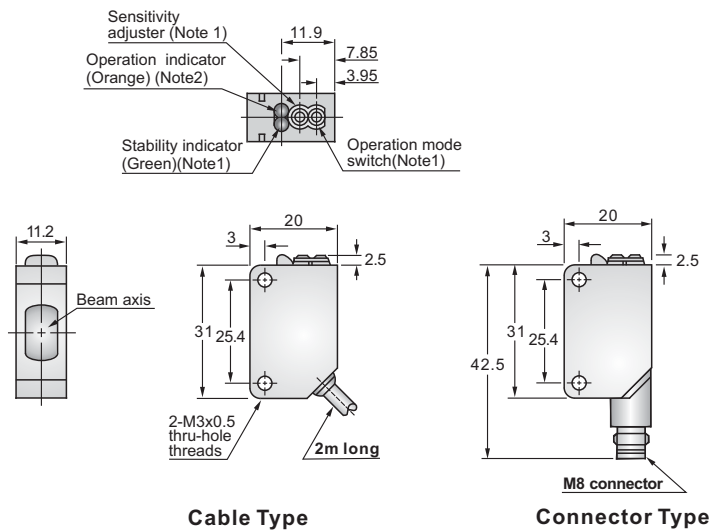
- Make sure to carry out the wiring in the power supply off condition.
- Take care that wrong wiring will damage the sensor.
- Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) Terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground.
- In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) is used in the vicinity of this product, connect the frame ground (F.G) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.
- Extension up to total 100m (thru-beam type: both emitter and receiver) is possible with 0.3mm<sup>2</sup>, or more, cable. However, in order to reduce noise, make the wiring as short as possible.
- Make sure that stress by forcible bend or pulling is not applied directly to the sensor cable joint.

#### Others

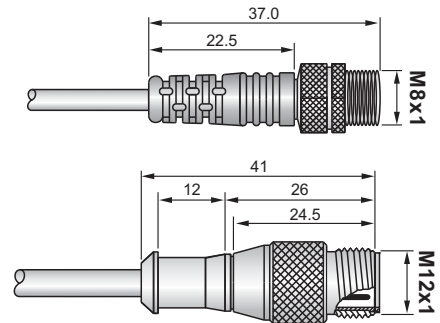
- Do not use during the initial transient time (50 ms) after the power supply is switched on.
- This sensor is suitable for indoor use only.
- Avoid dust, dirt, and steam.
- Take care that the sensor does not come in direct contact with water, oil, grease, or organic solvents, such as, thinner, etc.

## Dimensions (Unit: mm)

### Sensor Type



### Pigtail\* Type



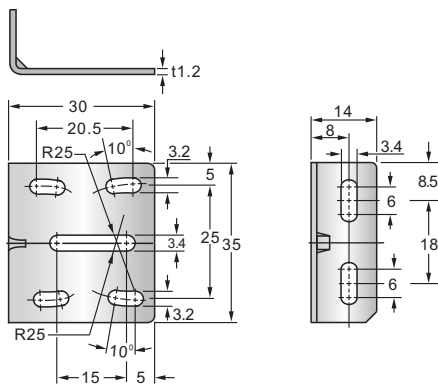
### Cable Type

### Connector Type

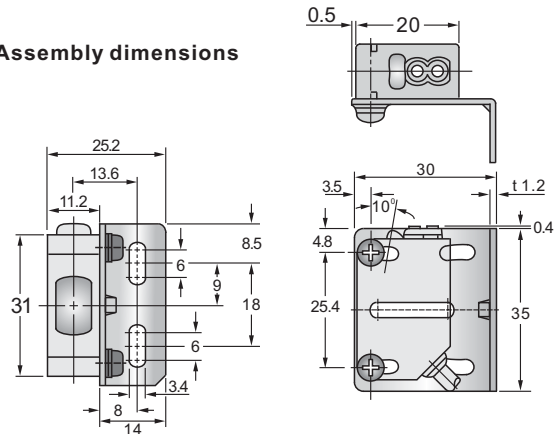
Notes: 1) Not incorporated on the emitter of thru-beam mode.  
2) It is the power indicator (green) on the emitter of thru-beam mode.

\*: Please see Pigtail Series or our Cables & Connectors catalogue for more information.

### MB-3530 (Sensor mounting bracket-optional)

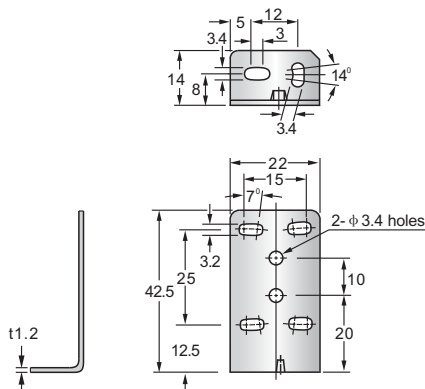


### Assembly dimensions

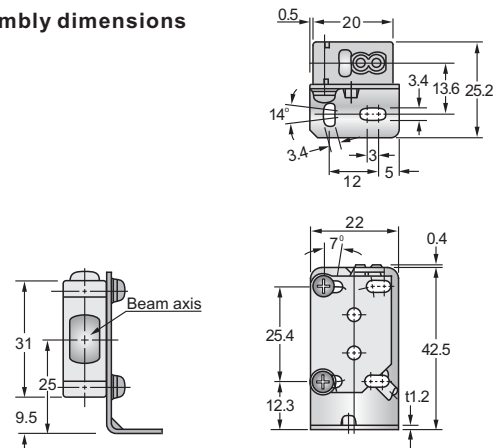


Material: Stainless steel (SUS 304)  
Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached

### MB-4322 (Sensor mounting bracket-optional)



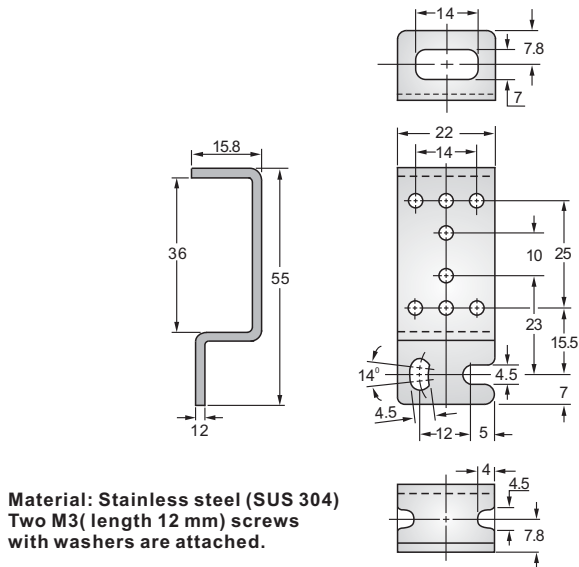
### Assembly dimensions



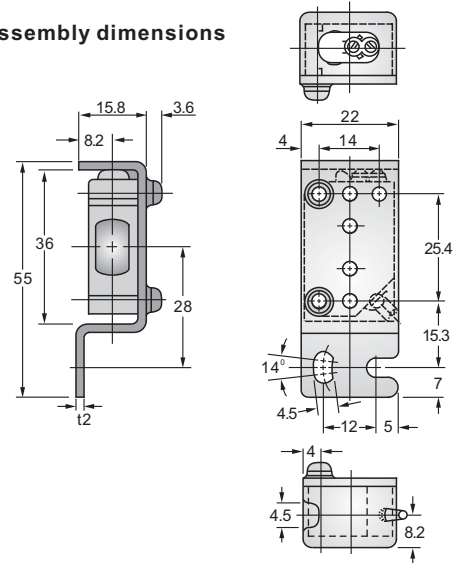
Material: Stainless steel (SUS 304)  
Two M3 (length 12mm) screws with washers are attached.

## Dimensions (Unit: mm)

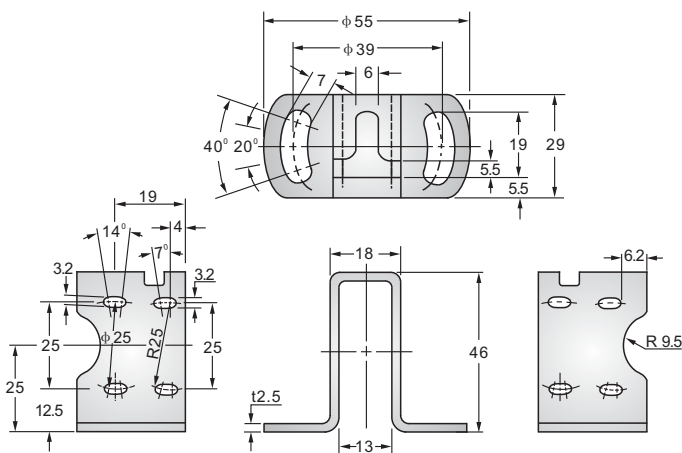
### MB-5522 (Sensor mounting bracket-optional)



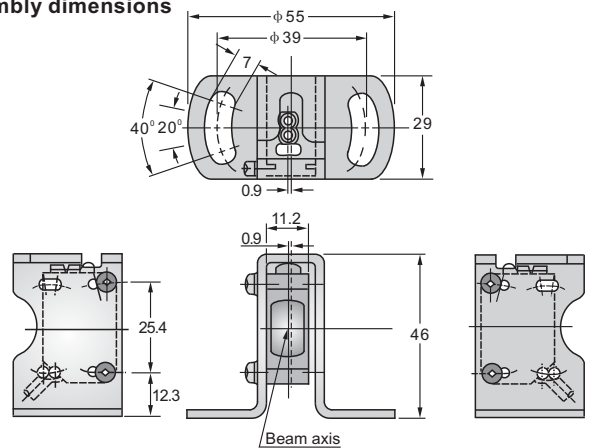
#### Assembly dimensions



### MB-4629 (Sensor mounting bracket-optional)

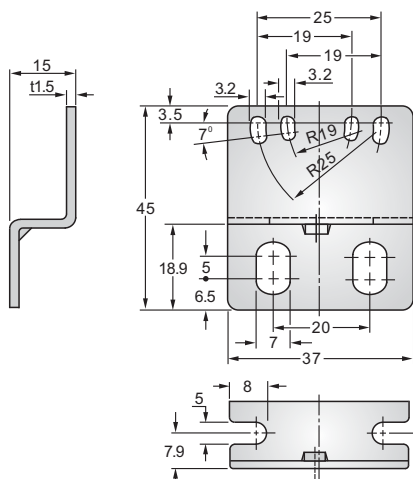


#### Assembly dimensions

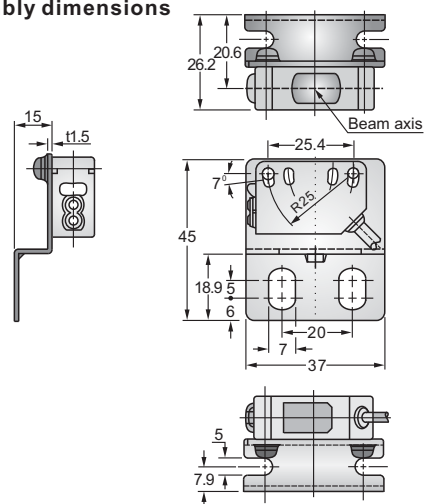


Material: Stainless steel (SUS 304). Two M3( length 12 mm) screws with washers are attached.

### MB-4537 (Sensor mounting bracket-optional)



#### Assembly dimensions



Material: Stainless steel (SUS 304)  
Two M3( length 12 mm) screws with washers are attached.